### I. READING

Ian Fleming was born in 1908 in London in a very rich family. His grandfather was a Scottish banker and his father a Member of Parliament. His father was killed in the First World War when Ian was only nine. He had three brothers. All of them were educated at the famous Eton College. Then Ian studied in the Royal Military Academy. He was very good at languages, so he went to Austria to improve his German and to prepare himself for the Foreign Office exams. Then, in 1930, he went to Geneva to study French at the university. The next year he wanted to join the Foreign Office, but he didn’t pass the exams.

After that he got a job as a journalist and worked for the Reuters news service in London, Moscow and Berlin. Then he worked as a stockbroker, and he was doing it when the Second World War started. In September 1939 he started working in the world of spies. He joined Naval Intelligence and had contacts with MI 5 and the Secret Service. He went on secret missions to different parts of the world. In Canada he worked at a top secret training school for special forces.

He was a good-looking man. He loved money and had an expensive way of life. He had a lot of girlfriends, but he didn’t marry until he was forty-three. He drank a lot and smoked sixty cigarettes a day. That’s why he had a bad heart from the young age.

After the war Ian Fleming went to Jamaica and built a house there and called it ‘Goldeneye’. In 1952, he got married, had a son and started writing novels about James Bond. His first book was ‘Casino Royale’. Then he wrote: ‘Live and Let Die’, 'Dr No', 'From Russia with Love' and 'The Spy Who Loved Me'. He wrote fourteen novels altogether. Ian Fleming's intelligence career was the background of the James Bond novels.

He died of heart attack in 1964. A lot of films were made about James Bond and many famous actors, like Sean Connery and Roger Moore, stared in them.

### 5. Ian Fleming wasn’t a healthy man because he ...

- a) built a house and lived in tropical Jamaica.
- b) went on top secret missions during the war.
- c) spent too much time on writing.
- d) drank and smoked a lot.

### 6. Why didn’t Ian Fleming join the Foreign Office in 1931?

- a) Because he failed the exams.
- b) Because he studied at the Eton College.
- c) Because he went to study in Geneva in 1930.
- d) Because he preferred being a journalist.

### 7. What didn’t Ian Fleming write?

- a) ‘Goldeneye’
- b) ‘Dr No’
- c) ‘From Russia with Love’
- d) ‘Live and Let Die’

### 8. The Second World War started while Ian Fleming was working as …………………

- a) member of Secret Service
- b) a member of MI5
- c) a journalist
- d) a stockbroker

### II. COMMUNICATION ACTIVITY

9. A: I'm afraid I forgot about your birthday.  
   B: ........................................
   - a) Don't do it again!
   - b) Never mind. It doesn't matter.
   - c) What's up? Why?
   - d) Thanks. Don't worry.

10. A: Would you like to go out this evening?  
    B: ........................................
    - a) I'd love to, but I'm afraid I can't.
    - b) Do you think it is all right?
    - c) No, I don't. I don't like evenings.
    - d) Why don't you do your homework?

11. A: Have a good Sunday!  
    B: ........................................
    - a) Same to you!  
    - b) That's very kind. Thanks.
    - c) Fine, thanks.  
    - d) Cheers!

12. A: ........................................  
    B: Sure. Could you bring some pieces of dry wood?
    - a) Are you allowed to help?
    - b) Is it allowed to do?
    - c) Can I do anything to help?
    - d) What shall we get for tomorrow's bonfire?
III. VOCABULARY

14. Do the crossword ‘sports’ and find a solution.

The solution means:
- a) a winter sport that is very popular in Scandinavia.
- b) soccer in American English.
- c) racing motorcycles on the special track.
- d) cross-country skiing + shooting.

15. To buy a beautiful bunch of flowers you should go to a .......... .
- a) florist’s
- b) butcher’s
- c) newsagent’s
- d) greengrocer’s

16. This sign means that you .................
- a) can stop here.
- b) should stop here.
- c) may stop here.
- d) aren’t allowed to stop here.

17. Yesterday for breakfast Victoria had:
- She didn’t have .................
- a) an apple
- b) a sandwich
- c) corn flakes with milk
- d) a bread

18. Robert is a member of a rock band. He plays the acoustic .................
- a) violin
- b) trombone
- c) guitar
- d) clarinet

19. My little sister has got a very high temperature, a sore throat and a cough. She often sneezes and her nose is runny. She’s got .................
- a) diarrhoea
- b) pneumonia
- c) chickenpox
- d) flu

20. Kate’s boyfriend gets very ................. when she talks to other boys.
- a) embarrassed
- b) jealous
- c) frightened
- d) upset

IV. GRAMMAR

21. My English teacher can also speak Spanish, ...............?
- a) can’t she
- b) does he
- c) isn’t she
- d) doesn’t he

22. Our dog ............... many puppies.
- a) born
- b) is having
- c) has
- d) is got

23. How much ................. these fish?
- a) cost
- b) is
- c) costs
- d) are

24. I have got ............... valuable old coins in my collection.
- a) a little
- b) little
- c) a few
- d) any

25. ............... in this stuffy room since eight o’clock.
- a) I’m
- b) I’ve been
- c) I was
- d) I might be

26. Lucy says that she is (1) ............... student in our class, but I’m (2) ............... than her.
- a) (1) good; (2) gooder
- b) (1) the best; (2) better
- c) (1) better; (2) the best
- d) (1) best; (2) the better

27. Andy got up so late yesterday morning that he ............... go to school by taxi.
- a) must
- b) had got to
- c) has to
- d) had to

28. What (1) ............... while (2) ............... lunch?
- a) (1) were you doing; (2) I was cooking
- b) (1) you were doing; (2) I cooked
- c) (1) did you do; (2) I cooked
- d) (1) you did; (2) I was cooking

29. We have invited our grandparents for supper, but they ............... be late. I depends on the traffic.
- a) have to
- b) will
- c) might
- d) would

30. I couldn’t find my gloves .................
- a) anywhere
- b) somewhere
- c) nowhere
- d) anyone